### PNB HOUSING FINANCE LIMITED Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2012

	Notes	As at March 31, 2012 RUPEES	As at March 31, 2011 RUPEES
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholder's Funds			
Share Capital	2	300,000,000	300,000,000
Reserves and Surplus	3	3,739,658,956	3,064,342,108
		4,039,658,956	3,364,342,108
Non-Current Liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	4	28,023,503,133	24,981,315,854
Long term provisions	5	324,702,987	283,268,802
		28,348,206,120	25,264,584,656
Current Liabilities			
Short-term provisions	5	1,210,971,379	904,106,162
Trade payables	6	100,096,401	43,156,380
Other current liabilities	7	11,629,210,475	7,133,258,676
		12,940,278,255	8,080,521,218
TOTAL		45,328,143,331	36,709,447,982
ACCETC			
ASSETS			
Non-current assets Fixed assets			
	0	20 050 110	17 707 577
Tangible assets	8	36,652,118	17,797,577
Capital work-in-progress	0	5,326,409	-
Non-current investments	9 10	535,998,459	442,200,000
Deferred tax assets (net) Loans & Advances	10	123,135,183	107,360,045
	12	37,737,086,259	28,990,506,259
Other non-current assets	12	8,033,411	2,280,489
Ourseast accests		38,446,231,839	29,560,144,370
Current assets	10	0.040.001.700	
Current investments	13	3,246,891,739	2,665,375,618
Cash and cash equivalents	14	114,277,442	671,723,431
Short-term loans and advances	15	3,154,860,611	3,545,968,888
Other current assets	16	365,881,700	266,235,675
TOTAL		6,881,911,492	7,149,303,612
TOTAL		45,328,143,331	36,709,447,982
Significant Accounting Policies	1	-	
Notes '2' to '16' and '21' annexued heret	o form part of the Balanc	e Sheet	

Notes '2' to '16' and '21' annexued hereto form part of the Balance Sheet

(Krishan Gopal) Sr. Manager (Sanjay Jain) DGM(F) & Co. Secretary

For and on behalf of the Board

(Sanjaya Gupta) Managing Director

Director

Director

In terms of our report of even date For S K Kapoor & Co. Chartered Accountants

PLACE: NEW DELHI DATED:

(V B Singh) *Partner* M No : 073124 FR No : 000745C

# PNB HOUSING FINANCE LIMITED Profit and Loss Statement for the year ended March 31, 2012

	I	Notes	For the year Ended March 31, 2012 RUPEES	For the year Ended March 31, 2011 RUPEES
REVENUE FROM OPI	ERATIONS	17		
Interest and Other Char Other Income <b>TOTAL REVENUE</b>	rges		4,543,689,766 87,312,183 4,631,001,949	3,580,491,664 61,859,850 3,642,351,514
EXPENSES				
Finance Cost Employee benefit expe Other expenses Depreciation expense Provision for Doubtful I Fixed Assets Discarde Bad Debts Written Off/ <b>TOTAL EXPENSES</b> Profit Before Tax	Debts & Contingencies d/Written Off	18 19 20	3,150,507,796 158,315,023 229,903,122 3,678,923 35,005,712 - 27,742,813 <u>3,605,153,389</u> 1,025,848,560	2,296,471,128 90,208,602 137,621,269 2,829,962 82,899,228 4,961,233 52,226,970 2,667,218,392 975,133,122
Less: Provision for Tax	-Current -Earlier years(Net) -Deferred Tax(Net)		289,600,000 - (15,775,138)	309,000,000 477,388 (28,074,176)
Profit After Tax			752,023,698	693,729,910
Earning per equity shar	e: (Point no.12 of Note 21) -Basic -Diluted		25.07 18.82	23.12 18.46
Significant Accounting	Policies	1 Profit & Loss State	mont	

Notes '17' to '21' annexued hereto form part of the Profit & Loss Statement

(Krishan Gopal) Sr. Manager (Sanjay Jain) DGM(F) & Co. Secretary

For and on behalf of the Board

(Sanjaya Gupta) Managing Director

Director

Director

In terms of our report of even date For S K Kapoor & Co. Chartered Accountants

PLACE: NEW DELHI DATED:

(V B Singh) *Partner* M No : 073124 FR No : 000745C

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2012

### NOTE: 1

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. GENERAL METHOD AND SYSTEM OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention on accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India. The Financial Statements comply in all material aspects with the Accounting Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, the National Housing Bank Act, 1987 and the Housing Finance Companies (NHB) Directions, 2010 as amended from time to time.

Accounting policies not specifically referred to otherwise are consistent with the generally accepted accounting principles followed by the Company.

#### 2. USE OF ESTIMATES:

The preparation of financial statements require the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as of the date of the financial statements and the reported income and expenses during the reporting period. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ from these estimates.

### 3. REVENUE RECOGNITION

#### (a) FEE AND OTHER CHARGES

Income from fee and other charges viz. Administrative Fee, Processing Fee, Penal Interest on Overdue/Additional Interest on Defaults, Pre-payment charges etc. is recognised on receipt basis.

#### (b) INCOME FROM INVESTMENT

Interest income on Bonds and Government Securities is recognized on accrual basis. Dividend income is accounted for in the year in which the same is received. The gain / loss on account of long term Investment at discount / premium in Debentures/Bonds and Government Securities, is amortised over the life of the security on a pro-rata basis.

#### (c) OTHER INCOME

Interest on tax refunds and other incomes are accounted for on receipt basis.

### (d) INTEREST ON LOANS

Interest Income is recognised on accrual basis except in case of non-performing assets where interest is accounted on realisation. In loans, the repayment is received by way of Equated Monthly Instalments (EMIs) comprising principal and interest. Interest is calculated on the outstanding balance at the beginning of the month. EMIs generally commence once the entire loan is disbursed. Pending commencement of EMIs, Pre-EMI interest is charged every month. Income on loans purchased through direct assignment is recognised on accrual basis.

#### 4. FIXED ASSETS

Fixed Assets used in the business are capitalised at cost inclusive of all related expenses.

#### 5. DEPRECIATION

- (i) Depreciation on Fixed Assets is provided on the Written Down Value Method at the rates prescribed in Schedule XIV of the Companies Act, 1956 on prorata basis. Wherever the depreciation rates are not prescribed, the rates prescribed by Income Tax Act,1961 & Rules are used.
- (ii) Assets costing upto Rs. 5000/- are charged to revenue.

### 6. INVESTMENTS

Investments are capitalised at cost inclusive of brokerage and stamp charges excluding interest/dividend accruing till the date of purchase. The difference between the carrying amount and disposal proceeds of investments, net of expenses, is recognised in the Profit & Loss Account. Investments are classified as long term investments ( Non Current Investment ) and current investments and are valued in accordance with guidelines of National Housing Bank and Accounting Standard on Accounting for Investments (AS-13), issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Long term investments are valued at cost net of amortisation of premium / discount. However, when there is a decline, other than temporary, in the value of long term investment, the carrying amount is reduced to recognise the decline. Current investments are valued at lower of cost or market value determined on individual investment basis.

### 7. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

- (i) The company has taken LIC Policy to cover the accumulated gratuity liability till 31.03.2012 of its employees as Defined Contribution Plan. LIC has made actuarial valuation on renewal date i.e. 01-01-2012. The premium on this policy has been accounted for on accrual basis in line with the Accounting Standard on Accounting for Employee Benefits (AS-15), issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
- (ii) Provision for leave encashment is made on the basis of actuarial valuation as on 31.03.2012.
- (iii) Retirement benefits of employees on deputation from Punjab National Bank are borne by PNB and hence no provision is considered necessary by the company.
- (iv) Provident Fund Contribution paid to recognized Provident Fund Trust and Govt Provident Fund is debited to the Profit and Loss Account on accrual basis.

#### 8. TRANSACTION INVOLVING FOREIGN EXCHANGE

- (i) Foreign currency monetary liabilities are translated at the rate which reflects the liability of the company in Indian Rupee which is likely to be repaid at the balance sheet date.
- (ii) Income and expenditure items are accounted for at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction.
- (iii) Generally Exchange differences arising on Foreign Currency transactions are recognised as income or expense as the case may be in the period in which they arise. However, in case of forward exchange contracts, the Exchange difference between the forward rate and the exchange rate at the date of transaction is recognised as an income or expense over the life of the forward contract in line with Accounting Standard on Accounting for the Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates (AS-11) issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

### 9. TAXES ON INCOME

Taxes on Income are accounted for in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) –22–"Accounting for taxes on income", issued by the The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Income tax comprises both current and deferred tax.

Current tax is measured on the basis of estimated taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

The tax effect of timing differences that result between taxable income and accounting income and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods are recorded as a deferred tax asset or

deferred tax liability. They are measured using substantially enacted tax rates and tax regulations as of the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax assets arising mainly on account of brought forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation under tax laws, are recognised, only if there is virtual certainty of its realisation, supported by convincing evidence. Deferred tax assets on account of other timing differences are recognised only to the extent there is a reasonable certainty of its realisation.

### 10. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS (AS-29)

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal and constructive obligation as a result of a past event, for which it is probable that cash outflow will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Contingent liabilities are disclosed when the Company has a possible or present obligation where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle it. Contingent Assets are neither recognised nor disclosed.

#### **11. DERIVATIVE TRANSACTIONS**

- (i) The derivative transactions entered for hedging interest bearing liabilities are accounted for on accrual basis.
- (ii) Gains or losses on swaps are accounted for on the date of unwinding and are adjusted in the Interest Expenditure account.

### 12. POSSESSION OF SECURED ASSETS

- (i) As per the National Housing Bank Directions 2010, the land and buildings, including Assets/ Properties acquired from NPA Advances in settlement of Loans, are held as 'Other Current Assets' till their disposal. These assets are required to be disposed off within 3 years from the date of acquisition (if it exceeds 10% of net owned funds of the company) unless and until extended by the NHB. All the expenses incurred on the upkeep of the property including safeguarding, insurance, rates & taxes etc are charged to Profit & Loss Account in the year of incurrence.
- (ii) Where the possession of the secured assets has been taken by the Company under SARFAESI Act, 2002 such assets are classified in 'Current Assets' at cost or market price (as per valuation report), whichever is less till its final disposal. The diminution in value is provided as 'Provision for Doubtful Debts & Contingencies'. The loss, if any, is ascertained and accounted for in the year of its disposal.

#### 13. INSTALMENTS - ACCOUNTING OF LOANS

- (i) Loans to the extent, the instalments have not become due as at the year end are being shown under "Loans and Advances"
- (ii) Loans to the extent the instalments have become due on or before 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2012 are being shown under "Short Term Loans and Advances".

#### 14. PRUDENTIAL NORMS

Income recognition and Provisions on Loans & Advances are being made on the basis of prudential norms laid down by National Housing Bank (NHB).

#### **15. UNCLAIMED DEPOSITS**

Deposits, which have become due but have not been presented for payment or renewal, are transferred to unclaimed deposits. Interest for the period from last maturity date till the date of renewal of unclaimed deposits is accounted for during the year of its renewal.

## 16. SHARE/ BOND ISSUE EXPENDITURE

Expenditure incurred on issue of shares/bonds is charged to Profit & Loss Account in the year on accrual basis.

## 17. BROKERAGE / DMA COMMISION

Brokerage on Deposits / DMA Commission on loans is charged to Profit & Loss Account on accrual basis.

### **18. INCENTIVE PAID TO EMPLOYEES**

Incentive / Bonus paid to employees in terms of performance linked incentive scheme is charged to Profit & Loss Account on accrual basis.

NOTE : 2 SHARE CAPITAL	March 31, 2012 RUPEES	March 31, 2011 RUPEES
a. Authorized shares capital		
50,000,000 (31 March 2011 : 50,000,000) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	500,000,000	500,000,000
<ul> <li>b. Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital 30,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up</li> </ul>	300,000,000	300,000,000
Total issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares capital	300,000,000	300,000,000

#### c. Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

	As at	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2011	March 31, 2011
Equity shares	Numbers	RUPEES	Numbers	RUPEES
At the beginning of the year	30,000,000	300,000,000	30,000,000	300,000,000
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	30,000,000	300,000,000	30,000,000	300,000,000

#### d. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of Shareholder	As at March 31, 2012		As at March 31, 2011		
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding	
Punjab National Bank (Holding Company)	22,200,000	74%	22,200,000	74%	
Destimoney Enterprises Pvt Ltd.	7,800,000	26%	7,800,000	26%	

e. Description of the rights, preferences and restrictions attached to each class of shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each holder of Equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

f. Terms of securities convertible into equity/preference shares : The company allotted 13,529,411 compulsorily convertible debentures on 25.06.2010 to Destimoney Enterprises Pvt Ltd. Each debenture is convertible into one equity share of Rs. 10/- each at a premium of Rs. 91.50 at anytime on or before 09.06.2012)

#### NOTE:3

	RESERVES AND SURPLUS	As at March 31, 2012	As at March 31, 2011
a.	Special Reserve		
	i) (Created under Section 36(1) (viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961		
	for deduction admissible to HFCs)		
	As per the last Balance Sheet	1,018,081,036	889,181,036
	Add: additions during the period	142,000,000	128,900,000
		1,160,081,036	1,018,081,036
	ii) (Created under Section 29 C of NHB Act, 1987- refer point no. 21 of Note 21)		
	As per the last Balance Sheet	38,900,000	23,600,000
	Add: additions during the period	10,000,000	15,300,000
		48,900,000	38,900,000
b.	General Reserve		
	As per the last Balance Sheet	1,913,671,536	1,463,671,536
	Add: amount transferred from the Statement of Profit and Loss	500,000,000	450,000,000
		2,413,671,536	1,913,671,536
c.	Surplus/(deficit) in the statement of profit and loss		
	As per the last Balance Sheet	93,689,536	70,866,476
	Profit for the year	752,023,698	693,729,910
	Total	845,713,234	764,596,386
	Appropriations		· · ·
	-Special Reserve - Under Section		
	36(1)(viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	142,000,000	128,900,000
	-Special Reserve - Under Section		
	29C of NHB Act, 1987	10,000,000	15,300,000
	-General Reserve	500,000,000	450,000,000
	-Proposed Dividend	66,000,000	66,000,000
	-Dividend Distribution Tax	10,706,850	10,706,850
	Net surplus in the statement of profit and loss	117,006,384	93,689,536
	· · ·	845,713,234	764,596,386
	Total Reserves and Surplus ( a to c)	3,739,658,956	3,064,342,108

NOTE : 4 LONG-TERM BORROWINGS	Non Current Maturities		Current Maturities	
	As at As at		As at As at	
-	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2011	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2011
A. SECURED 1. Bonds				
i) 9.20% Secured Redeemable Bonds 2023 (Redeemable at par in five equal annual installments from 16.01.2019 to 16.01.2023)	1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000	-	-
ii) 9.55% Secured Redeemable Bonds 2021 (Redeemable at par on 12.09.2021)	2,000,000,000	-	-	-
iii) 9.50% Secured Redeemable Bonds 2021 (Redeemable at par on 26.07.2021)	2,000,000,000	-	-	-
iv) 8.85% Secured Redeemable Bonds 2019 (Redeemable at par on 09.11.2019)	1,250,000,000	1,250,000,000	-	-
v) 9.25% Secured Redeemable Bonds 2017	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	-	-
(Redeemable at par on 30.03.2017 with a put & call option exercisable on 30.07.2014)	.,,,	.,,,		
vi) 8.70% Secured Redeemable Bonds 2016 (Redeemable at par on 09.08.2016)	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	-	-
vii) 8.55% Secured Redeemable Bonds 2014 (Redeemable at par on 09.11.2014)	750,000,000	750,000,000	-	-
viii) 10.79% Secured Redeemable Bonds 2013 (Redeemable at par on 30.09.2013)	1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000	-	-
ix) 9.30% Secured Redeemable Bonds 2012 (Redeemable at par on 29.12.2012)	-	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	-
x) 9.50% Secured Redeemable Bonds 2012 (Redeemable at par on 10.10.2012)	-	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	-
xi) 8.70% Secured Redeemable Bonds 2012 (Redeemable at par between 2010 & 2012. Put & Call option exercisable on 08.08.2009 was not exercised by anyone)	-	160,000,000	160,000,000	120,000,000
[Bonds at serial no. (ii) and (iii) are secured by hypothecation of book debts to the extent of 1.10 times of outstanding amount and rest of the Bonds are secured by hypothecation of book debts to the extent of 1.25 times of outstanding amount. In addition, all the Bonds are also secured by mortgage of buildings of Rs. 7,723,100/-]				
2. INR Term loans (detail terms are given at the end) *				
i) Term Loan / Overdraft from Punjab National Bank (Loan is secured by hypothecation of book debts and negative lien on properties charged to/guarantees obtained by the company against Loans disbursed.).	6,533,333,334	6,400,000,000	3,124,427,594	2,094,836,147
<ul> <li>ii) Refinance from National Housing Bank</li> <li>(The loan secured by Hypothecation of Loans /book debts against which refinance has been availed).</li> </ul>	3,257,201,880	2,675,544,000	1,032,463,560	774,891,000

	Non Current Maturities		Current Maturities	
	As at March 31, 2012 RUPEES	As at March 31, 2011 RUPEES	As at March 31, 2012 RUPEES	As at March 31, 2011 RUPEES
<li>iii) Term Loan from South Indian Bank (Secured by Hypothecation of Loans /book debts against which loan has been availed)</li>	-	107,976,091	107,982,777	108,000,000
iv) Term Loan from HDFC Bank (Secured by Hypothecation of Loans /book debts against which loan has been availed)	333,199,999	1,333,333,333	1,000,133,334	1,666,666,666
<ul> <li>v) Term Loan from Union Bank of India</li> <li>(Secured by Hypothecation of Loans /book debts against which loan has been availed)</li> </ul>	3,400,000,000	1,999,989,501	1,600,000,000	1,000,000,000
3. Foreign Currency Loans				
<ul> <li>i) FCNR(B) Term Loan from State Bank of Travancore (Secured by Hypothecation of Loans against which loan has been availed)</li> </ul>	-	-	-	25,012,450
Total (secured borrowings)	24,523,735,213	21,676,842,925	9,025,007,265	5,789,406,263
B. UNSECURED				
Fixed Deposit Non-cumulative Cumulative [Non Current & Current Fixed Deposits are secured by floating charge on SLR securities of Rs. 53.60 Crore (Previous year Rs. 44.22 Crore) as per NHB Guidelines]	459,318,404 2,040,449,516	311,578,228 619,659,484	52,860,350 696,177,965	106,720,719 830,821,269
<b>Tier II Subordinated Bonds</b> - 9.25% Unsecured Redeemable Bonds, 2016 (Redeemable at par on 22.03.2016)	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000		
<b>Compulsorily Convertible Debentures</b> - 7.25% Unsecured Compulsorily Convertible Debentures, 2012 (Convertible into equity shares of Rs 10/- each at a premium of Rs 91.50 at anytime on or before 09.06.2012) Total (un accurate berrowings)	3,499,767,920	1,373,235,217	1,373,235,217	937,541,988
Total (un secured borrowings)	28,023,503,133	24,981,315,854	11,147,280,797	6,726,948,251
Current Maturity of Long term Borrowings disclosed under the head "Other current liabilities" (See Note 7) - Secured	-	-	(9,025,007,265)	(5,789,406,263)
- Un secured	28,023,503,133	24,981,315,854	(2,122,273,532)	(937,541,988) -
* Detail Terms of INR Term Loans				
Loan Outstanding Nature of Facility March 31, 2012 RUPEES	Remaining Period	Installment amount RUPEES	Installment Frequency	
Punjab National Bank Term Loan 4,000,000,000	4 Years	1,000,000,000	Annual	
Term Loan         2,400,000,000	4 Years	600,000,000	Annual	
Term Loan         2,600,000,000           Over Draft         657,760,928	3 Years	433,333,333 Actual	Half Yearly -	
Union Bank of India	_			
Term Loan         2,000,000           Term Loan         3,000,000	2 years 5 years	500,000,000 300,000,000	Half Yearly Half Yearly	
South Indian Bank Term Loan 107,982,777	1 Years	27,000,000	Quarterly	
HDFC         333,333,333           Term Loan -II         333,333,333           Term Loan -III         1,000,000,000	1 Years 1.5 Years	166,666,666 333,333,333	Half Yearly Half Yearly	